

T. S. HOSKINS,
DENTIST!
Offers his professional services to the people of Decatur and vicinity. Work guaranteed of the best quality.
OFFICE—Over Higginson's grocery store, merchant street, Decatur, Ill.
May 28, 1878-dw1f.

Dr. IRA B. CURTIS
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of R. Decatur and Macon county that he has resumed an office practice, and will make the eye and ear a specialty. Private consultation room attached to office.
OFFICE—North door, in Wm. M. Barrett's marble shop building, North Main street, Decatur, Ill. (Nov 26-dw1m)

HARVEY PASCO,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Solicitor of Collections, Bankruptcy and War Claims. Office, over Bushner's shoe store, E. Main street, Decatur, Ill. Special attention given to Bankruptcy and general collecting business.
June 1, 1878-dw1f.

W. T. CUBBINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. Office—Room 5, Powers' Block. Prompt attention to business.
June 1, 1878-dw1f.

D. L. BUNN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Over Ludden & Co's Dry Goods Store, East Main street. (Feb. 8-71)

St. Nicholas Hotel,
N. LAUX & BRO., PROPRIETORS
Main side Old Square, Decatur, Ill. (open Bus to and from the cars.) anal-1f

Dr. J. KING, M. D.,
HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE of Internal Medicine. Office—Over Bushner's shoe store
June 18, 1878-dw1m

Dr. A. S. Waltz,
DENTIST, Decatur, Ill. Office, over Bushner's shoe store, East Main street.
June 18, 1878-dw1m

I. A. BUCKINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office over of Hilda & Grand's Drug Store, Decatur, Ill.
April 15, 1878-dw1f.

H. L. CHOL. **M. R. ELDRIDGE**
ODOR & ELDRIDGE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
OFFICE:—Over Newell & Hammer's grocery store. (July 8, 1878-dw1f)

EDWIN PARK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and Notary Public. Office, over Mullikin's Bank. (June 18, 74-df)

C. C. McCORMACK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND STATES ATTORNEY for Macon county. Office—Over the Court, Decatur, Ill.
Dec. 18, 1873-dw1f.

J. Stebbins King, M. D.,
HAVING permanently located in Decatur will attend promptly to all
PROFESSIONAL CALLS,
IN CITY OR COUNTRY,
DAY OR NIGHT
RESIDENCE: No. 46, North Main St. Office—South-east corner Old Square, over W. C. Armstrong's drug store.
May 22, 1874-dw1f.

DR. R. C. DAWKINS,
DENTIST, Decatur, Ill. Office—over Bushner & Hammer & Co's Bank. (dw1f)

R. B. GRUELLE,
PORTRAIT PAINTER!
HAVING opened my Studio on the south side of the New Square, over GEORGE'S drug store, I am prepared to paint Portraits in the highest style of the art, at low prices.
May 40, 1878-dw1f

B. J. STERRETT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE—North-east cor. of the old square, in the office formerly occupied by K. G. Malhot, Esq over W. C. Armstrong's drug store. (June 1-dw1f)

Lizzie P. James, M. D.,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, having permanently located in Decatur, respectfully solicits patronage.
Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women, a specialty.
OFFICE:—47 East Main street, near Linsinger & Nuttall's book store.
March 22 1878-dw1f

J. A. DILLON. **R. F. DAVIDSON**
Dillon & Davidson
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Tennessee Ne-3a, brack. Have 25,000 acres of choice land in southeastern Nebraska for sale on reasonable terms. (Feb 20-w1f)

DR. P. B. SPARKS,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE:—Over the new Post Office, Residence—No. 41 North Main street.
April 21, 1874-dw1m.

W. C. JOHNS,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE: Over Quinlan's Carpet Store, East Main Street. (Apr. 18-76)

A. BROWER BUNN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office in Central Block, over Wiegand's furniture store, North Main street.
August 4, 1875-dw1f

M. A. MYER,
House, Sign & Fresco PAINTER,
Glazier, Grainer & Paper Hang-
THANKFUL for past favors, a continuance of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
March 19 over Quinlan & Bro's Carpet Store East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.
March 17 1870-71

CHANCERY NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to George E. Wood that Little Wood has filed her bill of complaint in chancery in the Circuit Court of Macon county, Illinois, as complainant, against him, as defendant; that said cause is now pending in said court, and that summons has been issued against him, as defendant, returnable into said court at the Court House in Decatur, in said county, on the first MONDAY IN DECEMBER NEXT, when and where, unless said George E. Wood shall appear and defend, said bill will be taken for confessed against him.
EDMISTON McCLELLAN
Clerk Circuit Court, Macon county, Ill.
Newell & Rony, Solicitors for Complainant, Decatur, Ill., Oct. 16, A. D. 1875. (16-dw1f)

WANTED AGENTS—"QUADRO OLDEN"
A new book by the English Free Press Illustrated, just published and already out-selling all other books. The richest book offered to the public since "The Two" "Innocent Abroad." Address for circulars and terms to H. R. NATT & CO., Chicago, Illinois. (aug 18-dw1f)

HAMMER & MOSSER,
Publishers.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Wednesday Evening, Dec. 1.

EX-GOVERNOR and Senator Henry S. Foot has written a long letter to Parson Browlow, in which, speaking of the Democratic Party, of which he was formerly a member, the writer says: "His advent to power at this time, if this were possible, would renew former mischief, put at serious hazard the principles of progress now so bountifully operating, and in all probability bring on scenes of anarchy and bloodshed long to be deplored." That is downright truth, and cannot be whistled down the wind by flippant talk about the "bloody shirt."

Gen. Schenck, the American minister to the court of St. James, has written a letter to the directors of the Emma Mine Silver Company, regarding his connection with that company. He tells how he became publicly identified with the company as a director, from which it appears that the enterprise was first introduced to his notice by Senator Stewart, of Nevada, and Hon. Wm. M. Evans, of New York. These eminent gentlemen had examined into the prospects of the mine, and were satisfied that it promised large returns. Gen. Schenck, it appears, expressed some doubts concerning the propriety of connecting his name with the enterprise, but says that upon inquiry he learned that it was not unusual for diplomatic representatives to invest in speculative ventures, and he therefore borrowed the money necessary to purchase the shares offered him, giving a mortgage upon his property in Washington to secure the notes. This is the history given by Gen. Schenck as to his connection with this ill-starred speculation.

It is unfortunate that Gen. Schenck consented to become an officer in the company at all, though if it had proved a success instead of a failure, we should probably have heard no grumbling from the shareholders, but that he was guilty of the least intention to defraud anybody no one can seriously believe. Indeed it seems from General Schenck's explanation that, long after he had resigned as one of the directors and had supposedly retired wholly from the venture, he bought, in connection with a friend, 500 additional shares of stock in the company, upon which they lost some \$16 per share before they disposed of them. His first shares he still holds, although he could have escaped at one time at a small loss by selling. He determined, however, to stand the loss, as he had been the means perhaps of inducing others to embark in the enterprise, and it was no worse for him to lose than for the others. It is easy to believe that General Schenck is far more sincere against than for. The explanation which he gives shows the injustice of attempting to decide upon a case and condemning an accused person before hearing his defense, as has been done by some pretentious American newspapers in regard to him.

The Supreme Court of the United States has affirmed the decision of the Court of claims in the case of the United States and the Union Pacific Railroad. The question involved was whether the government had the right to retain one-half the compensation due the road for the transportation of the mails and military supplies as a reimbursement or set-off for interest paid on the bonds issued by the corporation, to aid in the construction of the road, and was guaranteed by the government. The amount involved was about \$300,000, which the government has withheld and will now be compelled to pay. The bonds ran for thirty years, and virtually, the decision allows the road to take its own time prior to their maturity for payment. The court, in its opinion, classes the work as a national in its character and importance.

Ex-Gov. Palmer on the Capacity of the Democracy for Handling.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Times, Washington, Nov. 25.—The Times correspondent had an interview with ex-Gov. Palmer this evening. He says that his business here is of a purely private nature. He had some law business here to look after, and timed his visit to Washington to see the opening day of Congress. He has been here long enough to take a look over the Speakership field, and says that the only reason he knows for Kerr's being defeated is that his election as Speaker would be too near the right thing for the Democratic party to do. He says that the strange fidelity that follows the Democratic party and makes it always do the wrong thing will not fail it now. The election of Kerr, he thinks, would convince the West that the Democratic party was really advancing and was in the way of coming up to the standard of modern times.

EX-SUPERVISOR MUNN.

Why He Was Not Indicted.

Notwithstanding the reports, alleged to have come from United States officers, that ex-Supervisor Munn has been indicted at St. Louis for alleged complicity with the whisky ring, Chicago papers still continue to deny the story. The Chicago Tribune of Sunday has the following:

The conflicting rumors that have periodically come from St. Louis about the indictments and arrest of D. W. Munn, and the further knowledge that his case was considered by the late jury in the United States Court for this district, led a Tribune reporter to attempt to gather some information about him yesterday. It was learned from authority that some strong testimony was adduced against Munn, but that, while the evidence was of such a nature to warrant the gravest suspicion, it was not quite strong enough to found an indictment on. In the words of a gentleman who was present when the testimony was heard "It looked as though Munn must have been in it, and yet there was nothing proved that might not have come from carelessness, and you can't very well indict a man for that you know." Another reason for not finding a true bill was that the ill deeds charged against Munn were committed in another district from the one where the jury were sitting, and the indictment if found at all should be in the same district with the crime. A jurymen who heard the testimony said: "If he ought to be indicted let them do it down there; they have all the witnesses whom we had and probably some more too."

The evidence of some of the members of the revenue service shows that it was a close thing for Munn as it was. The Grand Jury was kept here nearly a week after they had finished all their other business, for the purpose of hearing a couple of witnesses who were expected to clinch the other evidence. The witnesses who were to come didn't come, and they were compelled to adjourn without interfering with Mr. Munn's liberty.

A PETTED PEST.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

There are a good many cities in Europe in which gambling is licensed and legally carried on, like hooking or beer selling, though less than there used to be, since the authorities have abolished the system in Wiesbaden and Hamburg and some other places, which had become little more than huge hell, with no occupation and no dependence but gambling. Some of the cities on the Mediterranean coast retain it, like Nice and little Monaco, but as a nationally-protected profession it has been roughly handled within a year or so in Germany. The Pope used to make a big income out of the lottery gambling at Rome, and the King of Italy made still more in Naples, but the Holy Father has lost the power to pet and profit by crime, and the King has been checked up the extravagance of the Neapolitans largely. Altogether, gambling is in a stage of decadence in Europe which promises to be permanent, and to carry off the ruinous establishments of watering places to the "limbo" of the fashions a hundred years ago, that made Fox lose half a million at a sitting, and wasted estates as old as the conquest. But as it declines from prominence in Europe it rises into it here. There it has flourished because it was fashionable, and because the law protected it. Here it has flourished in spite of law and fashion, because the officers of the law have protected it. There, when the open toleration of the statute is withdrawn, it decays. Here, with the statute denouncing severe penalties for its practice, it grows thick and rank as ragweeds on a railway bank. We don't speak of our own city especially, though it is especially infamous in its contempt of the law; but of most American cities of any considerable importance. Fifty or sixty years ago the vice was fashionable, and eminent statesmen, like Clay and Poinsett and Hamilton, followed close in the tracks of Fox. Now it is unfashionable, discountenanced by decent society, and turned into little else than a cover for theft, but it flourishes as it never did when a vice of high life and abundant leisure. The most brutal gambler on the continent has been in Congress, and owns very nearly half of the Democratic party of New York. Tamblers control the intimate movements of that party in every city, and without a single exception, that we ever heard of, vote its ticket as invariably as election comes. And here is the explanation of the strange strength of a crime which lies under the ban of society and the statute book alike: It is an element of Democratic strength, and the party must keep it by concessions, as it keeps the Catholics by conceding tithing bills and local measures to control the public schools.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Information received here from the Rio Grande to the effect that troubles along that river, growing out of cattle raids by Mexicans, are bad as ever. Mexican raid has a contract to deliver 18,000 head of cattle at Monterey, and they expect to steal them from Texas. It has been ascertained that one great difficulty under which the Mexican government labors, is that in sending soldiers to the frontier to prevent cattle raids, they often desert and become cattle thieves themselves, thus adding to the number of depredations instead of decreasing them. Cattle thus stolen from Texas are shipped, after being run into Mexico, Cortina himself having been defeated sometime ago, in shipping stolen cattle.

TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.
(Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.)

THE WHISKY CASES.

Gen. Babcock Denies Complicity with the Ring.

DAN MUNN AND DAVE LINEGAR INDICTED.

Excitement on Wall Street.

CONDITION OF CHAS. O'CONNOR

ALARMING ILLNESS OF SENATOR LOGAN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Wall street was excited by rumors that the president had read his message to the cabinet, and that the portion relating to Cuba was of such a warlike character that it excited dimensions in the cabinet, and that orders had been received from Washington to seize the Atlantic cables, and prevent the receipt or transmission of private dispatches. On these reports gold was rushed up to 115, and a dash was made at the stock market, which carried prices down for a time. Towards the close of business, reliable telegrams from Washington denied the above reports, and stated that the president had not yet completed that portion of his message which treats the Cuban question, and that he would not be ready to submit it to the cabinet until their next meeting on Friday. When this became known gold declined and stocks raised.

There is still a little excitement among depositors in the savings banks, and a slight run was made to-day on the Franklin Savings Bank, which has plenty of money and is paying every body as fast as possible. The run commenced yesterday on the North River Savings Bank, continued to-day, but with less anxiety among depositors, who were promptly paid.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Charles O'Connor, yesterday, was able to take a little nourishment, his stomach not rejecting food as on previous days. For four days before Sunday, he had been so weak that water was the only thing which his system would retain. The precise nature of his disease has not been determined, but it is thought to be paralysis of the stomach. His physicians thought, last night, there was no doubt but that he would live until to-day, and this evening they will be able to say what the probabilities of his recovery are. They feel little hope, however, that he will get well, and his advanced age greatly diminishes the prospects of his restoration to health.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The following telegram was sent this morning by Gen. Babcock to the United States Attorney at St. Louis:

To the Hon. D. P. Dyer, United States Attorney, St. Louis:
I am absolutely innocent, and every telegram which I sent will appear perfectly innocent, the moment I can be heard. I demand a hearing before a court where I am testifies.

(Signed) O. E. BABCOCK.
St. Louis, Nov. 30.—The prosecution in the Avery case closed to-day. Testimony of a general character was introduced, also the following telegram:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1871.
To Col. J. A. Joyce, St. Louis:
Cannot hear that any one has gone or is going.

(Signed) BABCOCK.
A somewhat lengthy discussion then took place, Judge Krum, for the defense, contending that three counts of the indictment against his client were insufficient, and should be quashed.

Gen. Henderson, for the prosecution, replied, and admitted that one of the counts was insufficient, but maintained that the others were good and binding upon defendant.

The court sustained Judge Krum's position as to two counts, and said he should counsel the jury to return a verdict of "not guilty" to them. The other counts he held to be good, and the defense then proceeded with their side by introducing three letters of a social character, which had passed between Joyce and Avery, and tending to show that they were in the habit of using such familiar terms as "Billy" and "Alec" as the first middle name and Avery's christian name, in writing to each other. Depositions of persons in Washington relating to the good character of Avery, were also read. This done, Judge Krum announced that to be their case for defense. Arguments will be heard to-morrow.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Senator Logan is lying in a somewhat precarious condition at the Palmer House, in this city, being afflicted with acute rheumatism of the brain.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Nov. 30.—A copy of the indictment found by the Grand Jury of the United States District Court at St. Louis, against Daniel W. Munn and David T. Linegar, is on file in the office of the United States District Attorney here.

The first count charges that Munn and Linegar conspired with other persons to defraud the government of the seventy cents tax on 100,000 gallons of proof spirits, at Sagetown, Henderson county.

The second count charges that in pursuance of said conspiracy, Jonathan Edwards, one of the parties to the conspiracy, removed 5,000 gallons of said spirits, without having paid the tax thereon.

The third count charges that Munn had knowledge of the removal of said spirits and received \$2,000 as a consideration for not giving information.

The fourth is to the effect that Linegar had knowledge of the conspiracy, and received \$2,000 as a consideration for keeping still.

Fifth, that Gerhard Bensburg, one of the parties to the conspiracy, had in his possession fifty internal revenue tax-paid stamps, which had been removed from casks of tax-paid spirits.

The District Attorney telegraphed for Linegar, and he will probably come up without being sent for. Another certified copy of the indictment was sent to Chicago for the use of the attorney for the Northern District.

CARHONDALE, ILL., Nov. 30.—Murderer Crain, the convicted murderer of William Spence, at Carverville, some months ago, at present confined in the county jail at Marion, has confessed his sins, and on Sunday last was taken out of jail under a heavy guard and baptized. He is writing a full confession of his connection with the Williamson county vendetta, which will be published after his death. He has also made an affidavit exculpating several who are at present under conviction for various crimes.

THE I. C. RAILROAD AND ITS TAX.

A railroad company has been thoroughly astonished, and the event is noteworthy, since it has never happened before, and may never again occur. Long a *tabula rasa*, but in brief, it is this: The Illinois Central Railroad, in August, 1870, declared a dividend of \$1,263,775, on which the government assessed a tax of \$63,188. The company pleaded exemption from this tax, on the ground that the larger portion of the dividend was derived from a different source than the earnings of the road. An examination of the company's books by a government expert showed that this was the case; that about half the dividend came from the sales of land granted to the company by the government, and, therefore, exempt from taxation. In consequence of this discovery, the claim of the government for taxes, which was \$98,636, was reduced to \$35,177, the company gaining \$27,125. This victory disclosed a sell of the highest kind on the company; for years they have been paying this dividend tax, and the sum of back taxes which has been paid the government, but which the railroad company would like to see again, is \$241,904. The worst of the case is, there is no help for the company but by special act of Congress, and the difficulty of obtaining this is well known.

JAMES L. ORR, of South Carolina, who served from 1837 to 1859, was the last Democratic Speaker of the House of Representatives. He was succeeded by William Pennington of New Jersey. Next Calhoun A. Grow of Pennsylvania, served for one Congress. Then came Schuyler Colfax of Indiana, who succeeded him for the thirty-eighth, ninth and fortieth Congresses, James G. Blaine of Maine, serving in the three succeeding Congresses, from 1869 to 1875.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, Samuel D. Smith and Mary H. Smith, his wife, of Mecon county, Illinois, did, on the third day of December, 1871, by their deed of trust, convey to Martin P. Murphy, Trustee, the real estate hereinafter described, which deed of trust is recorded in the Recorder's office of said Mecon county, in book 86, page 394, and was made to secure payment of one promissory note of said Samuel D. Smith, bearing even date therewith, payable to Samuel D. Smith, for the sum of twelve hundred dollars, and one year after date, with interest at ten per cent, per annum, to be paid on the first day of December, 1872, and if the same is not paid on that day, then the said deed of trust, that if default be made in the payment of the principal of said note, or in the payment of the interest thereon, on the day or days whereon said principal or interest shall become due, it shall and may be lawful for said Martin P. Murphy, Trustee, to sell the legal holder of said note, after publishing notice of said sale in some newspaper published in the city of Decatur, in said Mecon county, for twenty days, (said said premises being situated in the highest bidder for cash, and to execute and deliver to the purchaser a deed for the premises sold.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said principal and interest of said Samuel D. Smith, bearing even date therewith, payable to Samuel D. Smith, for the sum of twelve hundred dollars, and one year after date, with interest at ten per cent, per annum, to be paid on the first day of December, 1872, and if the same is not paid on that day, then the said deed of trust, now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons interested in said premises, that the same will be sold on the first day of December, 1872, at the door of the court-house in Decatur, Mecon county, Illinois, the undersigned trustee of said deed of trust, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: The south half of section twenty-five and twenty-six, in township thirty-four north, Range two (2) west of the third principal meridian, and all homestead and dower rights, and all rights of redemption of said Samuel D. Smith and Mary A. Smith therein, to pay said note, and to satisfy said deed of trust is provided.

MARTIN P. MURPHY, Trustee.
Decatur, Nov. 17, 1871—W.W.

Dissolution Notice.

To whom it may concern:—Having existing between A. H. Imboden and John C. Mark, doing business under the firm name of Imboden & Co., in this city, the day December 1st, 1871, by mutual consent, A. H. Imboden has assumed the firm Imboden & Co., and John C. Mark, as A. H. IMBODEN.
Decatur, Ill., Nov. 9, 1871. [Ill-22-72]

New Advertisements.

Smith's Opera House!

Thursday Evening, Dec. 2d.

MENDELSSOHN

QUINTETTE CLUB CONCERT.

Of Boston (organized 27 years), composed of the following artists:
WILLIAM SCHULTZ, Violin; CHARLES N. ALLEN, Violin (concerto); THOMAS RYAN, Violin and Clarinet; EDWARD HENDE, Viola and Flute; THOMAS HENDE, Violoncello, assisted by ALEXANDER HERRICK, Double Bass and Cello, and the distinguished Vocalists.

MISS FANNY KELLOGG.

ADMISSION—75 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seals on sale at Abbott's jewelry store. Nov. 22-44.

NOTICE.

MY WIFE, MARY, HAVING LEFT ME and home without just cause or provocation, I hereby warn all persons not to harbor or give her credit for any account, as I will pay no debts for her contracting after this date.
W. N. LANIEN.
Dec. 1, 1871—411

IN A NEW PLACE!

S. M. STRAILEY

Has removed to his

NEW STORE

EAST MAIN STREET,

where he is now opening a

MAMMOTH STOCK

FRESH GROCERIES,

Bought expressly for his trade, and including every article common to the trade. The stock is one of the best ever brought to Decatur, and the new store cannot be surpassed anywhere for convenience and comfort.

95. Come and see me.

S. M. STRAILEY.

Decatur, Dec. 2, 1871—W.W.

RUFUS C. CROCKER

No. 9 WATER ST.

—SELLS THIS—



—ALSO THIS—

ROTARY!

Which are positively the TWO BEST SOFT COAL BASE BURNERS in the market.

He has also a full and complete line of

HEATING

—AND—

COOKING STOVES!

Hardware, Nails, Glass, Etc., Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Sept. 30, 1871—d.w.w.

S. WILHELM & CO.

Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP.

—AND—

Wilhelm's Drove Yards,

No. 938 WEST PRATTE ST.,

BALTIMORE, - MARYLAND.

References: A. J. Edwards, Agent Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. Decatur, Ill., Nov. 14, 1871.

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned, Executors of the estate of Edmund Walton, deceased, late of Mecon county, Illinois, will attend before the county court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on Monday, 20th day of December, A. D. 1871, for the purpose of selling and distributing the real and personal estate of said deceased, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same for adjustment. All those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.
J. H. WOOD, SAMUEL WALTON, Executors.
Decatur, Ill., Nov. 23, 1871—W.W.

NEW GOODS

—AT THE—

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE

Hays & Bruce

Invite special attention to fresh arrivals of the

LATEST FALL STYLES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

In all the New and Fashionable Fabrics and Shades, at low prices.

Imported and Domestic Shawls,

Imported Beaver Cloth Cloaks,

New Cloths and Cassimers,

For men and boys, Plain, Plaid and Striped WATER-PROOFS, all grades, complete assortment of Ladies', Children's and Men's UNDERWEAR, in different weights and sizes, full lines of Ladies' and Children's Cashmere, Merino, Wool and Cotton Hosiery, plain, and Ballroom Yarns and Felt Skirts.

Sept. 20, 1871—d.w.w.

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is "chock" full of all kinds of Domestic Goods, all prices, Plain and Plaid Flannels, New Fringes, New Trimmings, large stock of Yarns, Cuffs, Collars, Ribbons and Ruchings, Kid Gaiters, Kid Gloves, Table Oil Cloths, Curtains, Towels, Nottingham Lace Caps, Valances and Lambrequins, New Quilts, Towels, Table Cloths—in fact, as large and complete a stock of Dry Goods as is ever shown in the city—*all marked in plain figures, and ONE PRICE TO EVERYBODY.*
Sept. 20, 1871—d.w.w.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

S. EINSTEIN

Has now on hand his full stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which consists of a full line of choice

Dress Goods, Silks, Cashmeres, Japanese

Poppins and White Goods, Table

Linens, Napkins, Towels.

Also, a full line of

CASSIMERES, JEANS, TWEEDS, DENIMS

A complete assortment of

BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS.

A full line of

Notions, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing

Goods, Shawls and Wrapping Goods,

All of which will be sold at bottom figures.

We specify no prices, but invite all to call and see for themselves that what we say we mean. We will not be undersold by any house in the city.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET

Sept. 20, 1871—d.w.w.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

—AND—

WAYNE BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OMNIBUSES.

—AND—

PEDDLING AND SPRING WAGONS.

OLD STAND OF DANIEL CAHMAN,

Corner Water and Cerro Gordo-Sts.

PLATFORM CARRIAGES built to order, PONY PLATFORMS, PRINCE ALBERT PIANOS and COAL BOX HUGGERS, SULKY and LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, of all kinds. Always up to the times, and current with the best. All kinds of repairs. A large lot of new goods opened at S. Einstein's, to-day.

Children's Clothing, just ready by express, all sizes, from years old and upwards, in large quantities. The above goods are warranted and in workmanship cannot be excelled. oct. 23-df

Lecture by a Distinguished Foreigner—O'Connor Power, member of parliament, and the great Irish orator and champion of home rule, will lecture in this city some time in December. Notice will be given of the exact date.

L. E. FERRISS Sells the BEST BOOTS AND SHOES.

Man & Scroggs have the cheapest black silks and blacks in the city. [Oct 7]

Farmers, If you want the best hop in Mecon county, Marsh & Thoms in 43 opera lots. 24 dfo

No More corner bunions aching bones and shoes made by Thomas.

Choice Dairy Butter, at 24 dfo SYLVES

Genuine Seal Skin Fur, bones and meques; also Mink great variety and cheap, at oct 7-dwif LINS & S

Gent's Boots and Shoes made in the very latest style, at 20-dfo L. L.

Pike, the Jeweler, keeps Spectacles in the city, and at a reasonable price. [S

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss. In the Mecon County (Great Court) of the December Term, A. D. 1871.

JRA HARRIS, JEs, vs. JAS. H. PETERSON

A FIDUCIARY that James H. Peterson, defendant, above named, has gone out of the State of Illinois, having been filed in the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of Mecon county, notice is hereby given to the said James H. Peterson, that the complaint in said court, on the chancery side, against the said defendant, is hereby returned out of said court against said defendant, returnable at the Court House, in the city of Decatur, in said county, on the first Monday of December, A. D. 1871, as is required by law.

Now, unless you, the said James H. Peterson, shall personally appear before said Circuit Court, on the first day of the next term, there to be heard in person, in said county, on the

First Monday of December, A. D. 1871, and plead, answer or demur to the said complaint, a bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to

State Officers.
Governor, J. L. Beveridge.
Lieut. Governor, A. A. Glavin.
Secretary of State, J. L. Beveridge.
Auditor of State, J. L. Beveridge.
State Treasurer, J. L. Beveridge.
State Public Defender, J. L. Beveridge.

Congressmen.
Hon. J. L. Beveridge, John A. Logan, John H. Taylor.

Legislators.
Hon. J. L. Beveridge, John A. Logan, John H. Taylor.

Judicial Officers.
Chief Justice, J. L. Beveridge.
Justices, J. L. Beveridge, John A. Logan, John H. Taylor.

County Officers.
County Judge, J. L. Beveridge.
County Clerk, J. L. Beveridge.
County Treasurer, J. L. Beveridge.

City Officers.
Mayor, J. L. Beveridge.
City Clerk, J. L. Beveridge.
City Treasurer, J. L. Beveridge.

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